## **DRAFT UGANDA STANDARD**

First Edition 2019-mm-dd

Ovine (Lamb) meat — Carcases and cuts — Specification



Reference number DUS 2122: 2019

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## Contents

Page

Forewo	ord	i۷
1	Scope	
2	Normative references	. 1
3	Terms and definitions	. 2
4	General requirements	. 2
4.1	Minimum requirements	. 2
4.1.1	Other carcases and cut minimal requirements	
4.2	Specific requirements	
4.2.1	Types of carcasses or cuts	
4.2.2	Grading of cuts	
4.2.3	Fat thickness and evaluation	
4.2.4	Meat and fat colour and pH	
5	Hygiene	4
5.1	Microbiology	4
6	Microbiology	. 5
7	Forms of presentation	. 5
8	Contaminants	. 5
8.1	Food borne parasites	. 5
8.2	Veterinary Drug Residue	. 5
8.3 Pes	ticide residues	. 5
9	Slaughter system / method	. 5
10	Storage method	. 5
13	Packaging, handling and transportation	
14	Labelling	.7
13	Nutrition and health claims	.7
Annex	A (normative) Characteristics of Ovine cuts	8
A.1	Characteristics of ovine carcass and cuts on retail and whole sale	8
	1 — Characteristics of ovine carcass and cuts on retail and whole sale	
1 abie 7 A.2	Lamb meat carcass and cuts	
Bibliog	raphy	20

#### **Foreword**

Uganda National Bureau of Standards (UNBS) is a parastatal under the Ministry of Trade, Industry and Cooperatives established under Cap 327, of the Laws of Uganda, as amended. UNBS is mandated to coordinate the elaboration of standards and is

- (a) a member of International Organisation for Standardisation (ISO) and
- (b) a contact point for the WHO/FAO Codex Alimentarius Commission on Food Standards, and
- (c) the National Enquiry Point on TBT Agreement of the World Trade Organisation (WTO).

The work of preparing Uganda Standards is carried out through Technical Committees. A Technical Committee is established to deliberate on standards in a given field or area and consists of key stakeholders including government, academia, consumer groups, private sector and other interested parties.

Draft Uganda Standards adopted by the Technical Committee are widely circulated to stakeholders and the general public for comments. The committee reviews the comments before recommending the draft standards for approval and declaration as Uganda Standards by the National Standards Council.

The committee responsible for this document is Technical Committee UNBS/TC 2, [Food and Agriculture], Subcommittee SC 12, [Meat, poultry, eggs and processes products].

This is the first edition (DUS 2122:2019), which has been technically developed.



## Ovine (Lamb) meat — Carcases and cuts — Specification

### 1 Scope

This Draft Uganda Standard specifies the requirements for raw Lamb meat fit for human consumption and for use in the food industries.

#### 2 Normative references

The following referenced documents referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

DUS ISO 11290-1, Microbiology of the food chain — Horizontal method for the detection and enumeration of Listeria monocytogenes and of Listeria spp. —Part 1: Detection method

US CAC/MRL- 2, Maximum Residue Limits (MRLs) and Risk management Recommendations (RMRs) for Residues of veterinary Drugs in food

US CAC/GL 61, Guidelines on the application of general principles of food hygiene to the control of listeria monocytogenes in foods

US CAC/GL 88, Guidelines on application of general principles of food hygiene to control of food borne parasites

US CAC/RCP 58, Code of hygiene practice for meat

US 45, General standards for food additives

FDUS 734, Design and operation of abattoirs and slaughterhouses — Requirements

FDUS 737, Production of packaged meat products (processed) — Hygienic requirements

FDUS 779, Transportation of meat and meat products —Requirements

US EAS 38, Labelling of pre-packaged foods — General requirements

US EAS 803, Nutrition labelling — Requirements

US EAS 805, Use of nutrition and health claims — Requirements

US ISO 6579, Microbiology of food and animal feeds — Horizontal method for detection, enumeration and serotyping of Salmonella, Enumeration by a miniaturized most probable number technique

US ISO 6888-1, Microbiology of food and animal feeds — Horizontal method for enumeration of Coagulase-positive staphylococci. (Staphylococcus aureus and other species), Detection and MPN technique for low numbers

US ISO 7251, Microbiology of food and animal feeds — Horizontal method for detection, enumeration of presumptive Escherichia coli – Most probable number technique

#### 3 Terms and definitions

For the purposes of this document, the following terms and definitions apply.

#### 3.1

#### ageing

tendering process of preparing meat for consumption, mainly by breaking down the connective tissue

#### 3.2

#### carcass

the body of an animal after dressing

#### 3.3

#### contusion

a bruise, in which the skin is not broken, often having broken blood vessels and discolouration

## 3.4

#### cut

piece of meat separated from the carcass of an animal during butchering

#### 3.5

### trimming

removal of unwanted fat, bone, and sinew from meat

### 4 General requirements

All meat must originate from animals slaughtered in establishments regularly operated under the applicable regulations pertaining to food safety and inspection as in accordance with DUS 734. The meat shall be obtained from sheep which have gone through the right ante and post mortem procedures and inspections as in accordance with CAC/RCP 58.

#### 4.1 Minimum requirements

Ovine meat carcasses or cuts shall be;

- a) Intact, taking into account the presentation
- b) Free from visible blood clots, or bone dust
- c) Free from any visible foreign matter (e.g. dirt, wood, metal particles)
- d) Free of offensive odours
- e) Free of obtrusive bloodstains
- f) Free of contusions having a material impact on the product of unspecified protruding or broken bones
- g) Free from freezer-burn
- h) Free of spinal cord (except for whole un split carcases)
- i) Of natural colour and texture

#### 4.1.1 Other carcases and cut minimal requirements

- a) Cutting, trimming, and boning of cuts shall be accomplished with sufficient care to maintain cut integrity, identity, and avoid scores in the lean.
- b) Ragged edges shall be removed close to the lean surfaces.
- c) Except for cuts that are separated through natural seams, all cross-sectional surfaces shall form approximate right angles with the skin surface.
- d) Minimal amounts of lean, fat, or bone may be included on a cut from an adjacent cut
- e) For boneless cuts, all bones, cartilage, and visible surface lymph glands shall be removed.

#### 4.2 Specific requirements

#### 4.2.1 Types of carcasses or cuts

Ovine meat shall be from the following listed age groups of lambs;

- a) Young lamb; Young lamb under 6 months of age which does not have any permanent incisor teeth
- b) Lamb; Lamb under 12 months of age which does not have any permanent incisor teeth
- c) Hogge; A young male or female ovine having one but not more than two permanent incisor teeth
- d) Mutton; Female or castrated male ovine having more than one permanent incisor teeth
- e) Ewe mutton; Female ovine having one or more permanent incisor teeth
- f) Wether mutton; Castrated male ovine having one or more permanent incisor teeth
- g) Ram; Adultentire or castrated male ovine having more than one permanent incisor teeth

#### 4.2.2 Grading of cuts

Ovine meat cuts shall be graded as stated in annex A 1

### 4.2.3 Fat thickness and evaluation

The purchaser can specify the maximum fat thickness of carcases, sides and cuts. Allowable fat limitations are as follows in Table 1;

Fat thickness code (data field 10)

O

Not specified

Peeled, denuded, surface membrane removed

Peeled, denuded, surface membrane not removed

Peeled, denuded, surface membrane not removed

O - 3 mm maximum fat thickness or as specified

Thickness or as specified

of a mm maximum fat thickness or as specified

of a mm maximum fat thickness or as specified

Table 1- Allowable fat limits

6	9 - 12 mm maximum fat thickness or as specified
7	12 - 15 mm maximum fat thickness or as specified
8	15mm and over or as specified
9	Other

a Trimming of external fat shall be accomplished by smooth removal along the contour of underlying muscle surfaces. Bevelled fat edges alone do not substitute for complete trimming of external surfaces when required. Fat thickness requirements may apply to surface fat (subcutaneous and / or exterior fat in relation to the item), and seam (intermuscular) fat as specified by the purchaser. Two definitions are used to describe fat trim limitations:

Maximum fat thickness at any one point. Evaluated by visually determining the area of a cut which has the greatest fat depth, and measuring the thickness of the fat at that point.

Average (mean) fat thickness. Evaluated by visually determining and taking multiple measurements of the fat depth of areas where surface fat is evident only. Average fat depth is determined by computing the mean depth in those areas.

b Actual measurements of fat thickness (depth) are made on the edges of cuts by probing or scoring the overlying surface fat in a manner that reveals the actual thickness and accounts for any natural depression or seam which could affect the measurement. When a natural depression occurs in a muscle, only the fat above the portion of the depression which is more than 19 mm (0.75 inch) in width is considered (known as bridging). When a seam of fat occurs between adjacent muscles, only the fat above the level of the involved muscles is measured (known as planning).

**Note 1**: when fat limitations for Peeled/Denuded Surface Membrane Removed are specified, the bridging method shall be used for evaluating fat above a natural depression in a muscle and fat occurring between adjacent muscle.

#### 4.2.4 Meat and fat colour and pH

The specific requirements on colour and pH shall be agreed between buyer and seller and are not provided for in the Specification. Normally, lean meat and fat, depending on the specific species, demonstrates a characteristic colour and pH.

#### 5 Hygiene

Ovine meat shall be handled, stored and transported following hygienic practices in accordance with CAC/RCP 58, the personal handling ovine carcasses and cuts shall also be clean and health.

#### 5.1 Microbiology

Ovine meat carcasses and cuts shall be free or have a limited and acceptable number of microorganisms that shall be not harmful for human consumption as stated in Table 2 below;

Table 2 — Microbiological limits for Ovine meat

S/N	Microorganism	Limit	Test method
i)	Salmonella spp	Absent	US ISO 6579
ii)	Escherichia coli , cfu/g maxi.	< 10	US ISO 7251
iii)	Listeria monocytogenes (for ready to	<100	US CAC/GL 61
	eat cuts) cfu/g max.		ISO 11290-1

İ	iv)	Staphylococcus areaus, cfu/ml max.	10 <sup>3</sup>	US ISO 6888-1
١	(۷	Total plate count ,cfu/g	10 <sup>6</sup>	US ISO 4833-1
١	vi)	Pseudomonas aeruginosa / g	< 10	US ISO 13720

#### 6 Food additives

Ovine meat cuts and carcasses preservation prior to storage or ageing shall be done in accordance with US 45

### 7 Forms of presentation

Ovine meat shall be presented as cuts or carcasses as seen in annex A 2

#### 8 Contaminants

Ovine meat shall be free from foreign contaminant such as dust and faecal material, hide and skin contacts, spilling body fluids, hair, soils, aerosol and sprays.

#### 8.1 Food borne parasites

Ovine meat shall be free from food borne parasites and in accordance with CAC/GL 88

## 8.2 Veterinary Drug Residue

Ovine meat shall have a maximum Residual limit for veterinary drugs in accordance with CAC/MRL-2,

#### 8.3 Pesticide residues

Ovine meat shall have a maximum pesticide residues limit as in accordance with Codex Alimentarious standards.

## 9 Slaughter system / method

The supplier shall specify the slaughter system or method to the purchaser either on packaging material or on stalls of sell as follows;

- a) Conventional -stunning prior to bleeding
- b) Kosher -appropriate ritual slaughter procedures used
- c) Halal –appropriate ritual slaughter procedures used
- d) Other -any other authorized method of slaughter must be specified by buyer and seller

## 10 Storage method

Ovine meat carcasses and cuts may be stored and preserved as; chilled, frozen or deep-frozen. Depending on the refrigeration method used, tolerances for product weight to be agreed between buyer and seller.

Ambient temperatures should be such throughout the supply chain to ensure uniform internal product temperatures as follows;

- a) Deep frozen meat Internal product temperature maintained at not exceeding -18°C at any time after freezing The carcasses, sides or cuts, shall be pre chilled before freezing and the freezing completed at -18°C or lower temperature within 24 hours.
- b) Frozen meat Internal product temperature maintained at not exceeding -12°C at any time after freezing Frozen carcass, sides or cuts, shall be stored at -18°C or lower and the material shall be consumed within 9 months.
- c) Chilled meat Internal product temperature maintained at not less than -1.5°C or more than +7°C at any time following the post-slaughter chilling process within 12 hours and consumed in a week under normal storage.

**Note 1**; Ageing solution is stirred and allowed to stand for 12 hours The carcass may be aged for a period of 2 weeks at before use a temperature of 1°C.

## 13 Packaging, handling and transportation

Ovine meat shall be packaged, handled and transported in accordance with DUS 737 and DUS 779

During storage and transport, the meat shall be following minimum requirements as below;

- a) Wrapped in food grade material
- b) Transported under clean and hygienic conditions
- c) The frozen material shall be moved in refrigerated transport and the packages shall be handled under hygienic conditions.
- d) At the port, the loading of the packages shall be done by using canvas slings and the packages shall not be exposed to direct sun or rain.

#### Carcases and quarters

- a) Chilled with or without packaging
- b) Frozen / deep-frozen packaged to protect the products

#### Cuts - Chilled

- a) Individually wrapped (I.W.)
- b) Bulk packaged (plastic or wax-lined container)
- c) Vacuum-packed (VAC)
- d) Modified atmosphere packaging (MAP)
- e) Other

#### Cuts - Frozen / deep-frozen

- a) Individually wrapped (I.W.)
- b) Bulk packaged (plastic or wax-lined container)

#### c) Vacuum-packed (VAC)

**Note 2**: The conditions of storage before dispatch and the equipment used for transportation shall be appropriate to the physical and in particular the thermal condition of the meat (chilled, chilled in a modified atmosphere, frozen, or deepfrozen) and shall be in accordance with the requirements of the importing country.

### 14 Labelling

In addition to the requirements of US EAS 38, the following labelling requirements shall apply and shall be legibly and indelibly marked

For carcasses, sides and quarters, the mandatory information shall be fixed to the product (stamped and/or tagged). For packaged cuts, the mandatory information shall be listed on the shipping container.

The labelling requirements are listed in Table 3 below;

Table 3 — labelling information

Labelling information	Carcasses and cuts	Packaged meat	or parked
Health stamp or inspection stamp or carcass tag	<b>~</b>		
Slaughter number or batch number	✓		
Name of the product "Ovine (lamb)" meat			<b>V</b>
Use-by information as required by each country			✓
Storage conditions: e.g. refrigeration	7		✓
Appropriate identification of packer processor or retailer			✓
Quality or class			✓
Net weight			✓
Quality/grade/classification			✓
Processing/packaging date			✓
Number of pieces			✓
Species			✓
Other claims e.g. production method; organic			✓

#### 13 Nutrition and health claims

Ovine meat carcasses and cuts may have health claims associated with nutrition and health. Such claims when declared shall be consistent with US EAS 805 and shall follow nutritional labelling concepts as in accordance with US EAS 803

## Annex A

(normative)

## **Characteristics of Ovine cuts**

## A.1 Characteristics of ovine carcass and cuts on retail and whole sale

# Table A 1 — Characteristics of ovine carcass and cuts on retail and whole sale

Whole sale	Description	Specifics
CARCASE	Includes all parts of the body skeletal musculature and bone, extending to and including the hock joint (tarsus) and knee joint	To be specified:  • Number of pieces required.  • Tenderloin retained or removed.
	(carpus), all cervical vertebrae and up to five coccygeal vertebrae.  The udder or testes, penis and udder or	<ul> <li>Kidneys retained or removed.</li> <li>Kidney and channel fats retained, partially or completely removed.</li> </ul>
	cod fat are removed	<ul><li>Diaphragm retained or removed.</li><li>Tail removal point.</li><li>Weight range.</li></ul>
		<ul> <li>Confirmation of grading.</li> <li>Surface fat trim level.</li> <li>Fat score.</li> <li>Neck string on or off.</li> </ul>
		Head retained.      Lower Foreshank (metacarpal bone) retained
SIDE	Prepared from a full Carcase. The carcase is split into sides by one longitudinal cut made centrally down the sacral, lumbar, thoracic and cervical vertebrae	To be specified:  Tenderloin retained or removed.  Kidney retained or removed.  Kidney and channel fats retained, partially or completely removed.  Diaphragm retained or removed.  Tail removal point.  Surface fat trim level.  Fat score.  Neck string on or off.
4505 TELESCOPED CARCASE	Prepared from a full Carcase. To prepare the leg folded or placed into the chest cavity, a cut is made	To be specified:  Tarsus retained or removed.  Diaphragm retained or removed.

	horizontally across the dorsal edge of the carcase at	Kidneys retained or removed.
	the junction of the 6th lumbar and 1st	<ul> <li>Kidney and channel fats retained, partially or</li> </ul>
	sacral vertebrae	completely removed.
	breaking the spine sufficiently to allow the	Neck retained or removed.
	legs to fold	Foreshank retained or removed.
	into the cavity of the carcase	Breast and Flap retained or removed.
		Tail retained or removed.
		Weight range.
		• Fat score.
		Neck string on or off.
4720 TRUNK	Trunk is prepared from a Carcase by a straight cut	To be specified:
	through the 6th lumbar vertebrae to just	Diaphragm retained or removed.
	clear the tip	Kidneys retained or removed.
	of the ilium to the ventral portion of the	Kidney and channel fats retained, partially or
	Flap	completely removed
4946 LEG PAIR AND	Leg Pair and Saddle is prepared from a Carcase by the	To be specified:
SADDLE	removal of the following portions:	Shank tipped.
	Breast and Flap are removed by a straight	Flap retained or removed.
	cut parallel	Shoulder retained or removed.
	on each side and measured from the	Leg tendon retained or removed.
	dorsal edge and	Number of ribs required.
	commencing from the junction of the 1st rib (sternum) to the	Kidney and channel fats retained, partially or
	reflection of the diaphragm at the 11th rib	completely removed.
	and following	Scapular cartilage retained or removed.
	on through the Flap to the superficial inguinal lymph node.	Rib numbers to be frenched and length of frenching
		required.
	The Neck is removed by a straight cut parallel and cranial	Surface fat trim level.
	to the 1st rib and through the junction of	The rib ends are frenched to a distance as specified
	the 7th cervical	from the ventral edge.
	and 1st thoracic vertebrae.	
4789 HINDQUARTE	Hindquarter is prepared from a Leg Pair and Saddle (item	To be specified:
R	4946) by splitting the pair evenly by one	Shank tipped.
	longitudinal cut	Leg tendon retained or removed.
	down the sacral, lumbar and thoracic	Number of ribs required.
	vertebrae to the	Scapular cartilage retained or removed.
	specified rib.	Kidney and channel fats retained, partially or
		completely removed.
		Surface fat trim level
4901 LEG PAIR AND	Leg Pair and Loin Saddle is prepared from a Carcase	To be specified:
LOIN SADDLE	by removing the Forequarter Pair by a	Shank tipped.
	straight cut	Number of ribs required.

	through the impation of the arrange t	e Kidney and channel fets retained martis III
	through the junction of the specified lumbar or thoracic	Kidney and channel fats retained, partially or     completely removed.
	vertebrae along the contour of the	completely removed.
	specified rib to the	<ul><li>Flap retained or removed.</li><li>Tail removal point.</li></ul>
	ventral portion of the Flap.	'
		Channel fat retained, partially or completely .
		removed.
		Leg tendon retained or removed.
		Surface fat trim level.
4816 LEG PAIR	Leg Pair is prepared from a Carcase by a straight cut	To be specified:
	through the 6th lumbar vertebrae to clear	Leg tendon retained or removed.
	the tip of the	Shank tipped.
	ilium to the ventral portion of the Flap	Flap retained or removed.
		Tail removal point.
		Channel fat retained, partially or completely
		removed.
		Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.
		Surface fat trim level.
4960	Forequarter Pair is prepared from a	To be specified:
FOREQUART ER PAIR	Carcase by a cut	Number of ribs required.
	along the contour of the specified rib and ventral to the	Neck string on or off.
	flap cutting line retaining the Flap on the	Atlas bone retained or removed.
	Forequarter	Carpus retained or removed.
	Pair, and at right angle through the	Length of flap retained, to be specified or
	thoracic	removed
	vertebrae	completely.
	severing the back bone.	Surface fat trim level
4976	Outside Shoulder Pair is prepared from a	To be specified:
OUTSIDE SHOULDER	Carcase or a Forequarter Pair (5-rib) (item	Surface fat trim level.
PAIR	4960) (flaps removed) by peeling each	Rib removal point.
	shoulder	Atlas bone retained or removed.
•	separately from the ventral edge of the breast	Carpus retained or removed.
•	and cutting along the natural seam	
	between the	
	overlying muscles and ribs, leaving the	
	undercut	
•	(M. subscapularis) attached to the blade bone.	
	The shoulders are separated at the dorsal edge	
	of the forequarter by a cut following the contour	
	of the outer edge of the primal to a point adjacent to the junction of the 1st rib and 7th	

	cervical vertebrae. The shoulders remain	
	firmly attached to the neck by the connected muscles	
	of the M. trapezius. The ribs are separated from the neck by a cut through the junction of the	
	7th cervical vertebrae and 1st ribs severing the neck from the rib cage leaving the shoulders	
	firmly attached to the neck. Bloodstains on the underside of the neck are removed	
4972 FOREQUART	Forequarter is prepared from a Side by a cut	To be specified:
ER	along the contour of the specified rib to	Number of ribs required.
	the	Neck string on or off.
	ventral edge and at right angles through the	Atlas bone retained or removed.
	thoracic vertebrae separating the	Carpus retained or removed.
	Forequarter and the Hindquarter.	Breast retained or removed.
	and the i inidquarter.	Surface fat trim level.
4800 LEG - CHUMP ON	Leg - Chump On is prepared from a Side by a	To be specified:
	straight cut through the 6th lumbar	Flap retained or removed.
	vertebrae	Tail removal point.
	to a point just clear of the tip of the ilium to	Sacrum retained or removed.
	the ventral portion of the Flap. The lymph node	Channel fat retained, partially
		or completely removed.
	gland ( Subiliac) and gland fats situated on the	Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.
	Flap are removed.	<ul><li>Shank tipped.</li><li>Leg tendon retained or removed.</li></ul>
	Tiap are remered.	Surface fat trim level
4810 LEG -	Leg - Chump On - Shank Off is prepared	To be specified:
CHUMP ON -	from	Flap retained or removed.
SHANK OFF	a Leg - Chump On (item 4800) by the	Tail removal point.
OFF	removal of the Shank (tibia) at the stifle joint, and	Sacrum retained or removed.
	by a	Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.
	straight cut parallel through the heel	Channel fat retained, partially
	muscles of	or completely removed.
X	the Silverside. The lymph node gland (Subiliac)	Heel muscles retained or removed.
	and gland fats situated on the Flap are removed	Surface fat trim level.
4820 LEG -	Leg - Chump Off is prepared from a Leg -	To be specified:
CHUMP OFF	Chump	Tail removal point.
	On (item 4800), by the removal of the Chump by	Sacrum retained or removed.
	a cut at right angles across the Leg at a	Shank tipped.
	specified	Leg tendon retained or removed.

	measured distance from the acetabulum.	Channel fat retained, partially or completely
		removed.
		Chump cutting lines (cranial) to acetabulum.
		Surface fat trim level
4822 LEG -	Leg - Fillet End is prepared from a Leg -	To be specified:
FILLET END	Chump Off (item	Tail removal point.
	4820) by the removal of the middle portion	Sacrum retained or removed.
	of the Leg by	
	a straight cut ventral to the tip of the exposed portion of the	<ul><li>Distance of the cutting line from the ischium bone.</li><li>Surface fat trim level</li></ul>
	ischium bone and parallel to the Chump removal line.	
4823 LEG - SHANK END	Leg - Shank End is prepared from a Leg - Chump Off (item	To be specified:
OHANK END	4820) by the removal of the Leg - Fillet	Shank tipped.
	End (item 4822) and	Leg tendon retained or removed.
	is the remaining caudal portion of the Leg	Distance of the cutting line from the ischium bone.
	with the Shank	Surface fat trim level.
	attached.	
4830 LEG - CHUMP OFF -	Prepared from a Leg - Chump Off (item	To be specified:
SHANK OFF	4820) by the removal of the Shank (tibia)	Tail removal point.
SHAINK OFF	at the stifle joint, and by a straight cut	Sacrum retained or removed.
	parallel to the cutting line of the Chump	Chump cutting lines (cranial)
	and through the heel muscles of the	to acetabulum.
	Silverside	Patella bone retained or removed.
		Surface fat trim level.
4801 LEG -	Leg - Chump On - Shank On - Aitch	To be specified:
CHUMP ON -	Bone Removed is prepared from a Leg	Flap retained or removed.
SHANK ON - AITCH	- Chump On (item 4800) by the removal	Shank tipped.
BONE	of the aitch bone. The lymph node gland	Leg tendon retained or removed.
REMOVED	(Subiliac) and gland fats situated on the	Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.
	Flap are removed.	Surface fat trim level
4802 LEG -	Leg - Chump on - Shank Off - Aitch Bone	To be specified:
CHUMP ON -	Removed is prepared from a Leg - Chump	Patella bone retained or removed.
SHANK OFF - AITCH	On -Shank On - Aitch Bone Removed	Heel muscle retained or removed.
BONE	(item 4801), by the removal of the Shank	Flap retained or removed.
REMOVED	(tibia) at the stifle joint, and by a straight	Surface fat trim level
	cut parallel through the heel muscles of	
	the Silverside. The lymph node gland	
	(Subiliac) and gland fats situated on the	
	Flap are removed.	
5065 LEG	Leg Cuts are prepared from a Leg -	To be specified:
CUTS	Chump On Boneless (item 5060) and seamed into four	Variation of primal composition.
	individual primals and trimmed as	Cartilage removal.
	manida piinais and tiiniined as	-

SILVERSIDE  Silverside is prepared from a Leg - Chump on Boneless (item 5060) by separating the primal along the natural seam. Outside is prepared from a Silverside with the heel muscle removed along the natural seam. Outside is denuded to silverskin.  The KnuckLe (LEG TIP) muscle and fat cover removed.  Thick Flank with the cap muscle and fat cover removed.  Thick Flank is prepared from a Leg - Chump On Boneless (item 5060) by separating the primal along the natural seam between the Inside and Silverside. The patella, joint capsule and tendon are removed.  Thick Flank and Experimental along the natural seam between the Thick Flank and Silverside. The patella, joint capsule and tendon are removed.  Soories the patelle (Unit al 790) by the removal of all bones, carillage and bone-in Chump (tend 4790) by the removal of all bones, carillage and surfurned tendon in retained or removed.  Surface fat trim level.  To be specified:  Suth Tenderioin retained or removed.  Flap retained or removed.  Flap retained or removed.  Chump removal points from the Leg to be parallel (Craniel and Caudal).		specified	Surface fat trim level.
the natural seam between the Inside and Thick Flank.  5075 OUTSIDE The Clustide is prepared from a Silverside with the heal muscle removed along the natural seam. Outside is denuded to silverskin.  The Knuckle is prepared from the Thick Flank is prepared from a Leg - Chump On Boneless (item 5060) by separating the primal along the natural seam between the Inside and Silverside. The patella, joint capsule and tendon are removed  5073 INSIDE Inside is prepared from a Leg - Chump On Boneless (item 5060) by separating the primal along the natural seam between the Inside and Silverside. The patella, joint capsule and tendon are removed  5073 INSIDE Inside is prepared from a Leg - Chump On Boneless (item 5060) by separating the primal along the natural seam between the Thick Flank and Silverside. The pizzel but fibrous tissue and lymph node gland and surrounding gland fats are removed.  5130 CHUMP Boneless is prepared from a bone-in Chump (item 4790) by the removal of all bories, cartilage and Butt Tendericin, The lymph node gland (Sibbilac) and gland fats situated on the Flap are removed.  4790 CHUMP Bone-in is prepared from a Bone-in Leg - Chump On (item 4800). The Chump is removed by a cut at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum.  The Drimp is removed by a cut at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum.  The Immph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed.  Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).  • Surface fat trim level			
The Outside is prepared from a Silverside with the heel muscle removed along the natural seam. Outside is deducted to silverskin.  The Knuckle is prepared from the Thick Flank with the cap muscle and fat cover removed.  The Knuckle is prepared from the Thick Flank with the cap muscle and fat cover removed.  The Chump On Boneless (tem 5060) by separating the primal along the natural seam between the Inside and Silverside. The patellal, joint capsule and tendon are removed  5073 INSIDE  Inside is prepared from a Leg - Chump On Boneless (tem 5060) by separating the primal along the natural seam between the Thick Flank and Silverside. The pizzel butt, fibrous tissue and lymph node gland and surrounding gland fats are removed.  5130 CHUMP-BONELESS (SIRLOIN)  SIRLOIN)  Chump - Boneless is prepared from a bone-in Chump (tiem 4790) by the removal of all bones, cartilage and Buff removal of 3nd gland fats situated on the Flap are removed.  4790 CHUMP-BONELISS (SIRLOIN)  To be specified:  Surface fat trim level.  To be specified:  • Channel fat retained, partially or completely removed.  • Flap retained or removed.  • Flap retained or removed.  • Flap retained or removed.  • Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).  • Surface fat trim level			
with the heel muscle removed along the natural seam. Outside is denuded to silverskin.  5072 KNUCKLE (LEGTIP) The Knuckle is prepared from the Thick Flank with the cap muscle and fat cover removed.  5076 THICK Thick Flank is prepared from a Leg - Chump On Boneless (item 5060) by separating the primal along the natural seam between the Inside and Silverside. The patella, joint capsule and tendon are removed  5073 INSIDE Inside is prepared from a Leg - Chump On Boneless (item 5060) by separating the primal along the natural seam between the Thick Flank and Silverside. The pizzel butt, fibrous tissue and lymph node gland and surrounding gland fats are removed.  5130 CHUMP - Boneless is prepared from a bone-in Chump item 4790) by the removal of all bones, cartilage and Buft Tendentoin. The lymph node gland (Sübilinc) and gland fats situated on the Flap are removed.  4790 CHUMP - Boneless is prepared from a Bone-in Leg - Chump On (item 4800). The Chump - Bone-in is prepared from a Bone-in Leg - Chump On (item 4800). The Chump is removed by a cut at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum.  The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed. Chump removal points from the Leg to		seam between the Inside and Thick Flank.	
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KNUCKLE (LEG TIP)  Flank with the cap muscle and fat cover removed.  Thick Flank is prepared from a Leg - Chump On Boneless (item 5060) by separating the primal along the natural seam between the Inside and Silverside. The patella, joint capsule and tendon are removed  Inside is prepared from a Leg - Chump On Boneless (item 5060) by separating the primal along the natural seam between the Thick Flank and Silverside. The pizzel butt, (fibrous tissue and lymph node gland and surrounding gland fats are removed.  The pizzel butt, (fibrous tissue and lymph node gland and surrounding gland fats are removed.  Chump - Boneless is prepared from a bone-in Chump (item 4790) by the removal of all bones, cartilage and Butt Tendertoin. The lymph node gland (Subilac) and gland fats situated on the Flap are removed.  The Chump is removed by a cut at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum.  The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed. Chump removal points from the Leg to Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).  Surface fat trim level.  To be specified:  Channel fat retained, partially or completely removed.  Flap retained or removed.  Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).  Surface fat trim level.		denuded to silverskin.	
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surrounding gland fats are removed.  5130 CHUMP - BONELESS (SIRLOIN)  Chump - Boneless is prepared from a bone-in Chump (item 4790) by the removal of all bones, cartilage and Butt Tenderloin, The lymph node gland (Subiliac) and gland fats situated on the Flap are removed.  4790 CHUMP - BONE-IN (SIRLOIN)  Chump - Bone-in Leg - Chump On (item 4800). The Chump is removed by a cut at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum. The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed. Chump removal points from the Leg to  To be specified:  • Channel fat retained, partially or completely removed.  • Channel fat retained or removed.  • Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).  • Surface fat trim level			
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BONELESS (SIRLOIN)  bone-in Chump (item 4790) by the removal of all bones, cartilage and Butt Tenderloin. The lymph node gland (Subiliac) and gland fats situated on the Flap are removed.  4790 CHUMP - Chump - Bone-in is prepared from a Bone-in Leg - Chump On (item 4800). The Chump is removed by a cut at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum.  The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed.  Chump removal points from the Leg to  Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.  • Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.  • Channel fat retained, partially or completely removed.  • Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.  • Channel fat retained or removed.  • Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.  • Surface fat trim level		gland fats are removed.	
(SIRLOIN)  bone-in Crump (item 4/90) by the removal of all bones, cartilage and Butt Tenderloin. The lymph node gland (Subiliac) and gland fats situated on the Flap are removed.  4790 CHUMP - Bone-in is prepared from a Bone-in Leg - Chump On (item 4800).  The Chump is removed by a cut at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum.  The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed.  Chump removal points from the Leg to  Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.  • Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.  • Channel fat retained, partially or completely removed.  • Flap retained or removed.  • Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).  • Surface fat trim level		Chump - Boneless is prepared from a	To be specified:
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(Subiliac) and gland fats situated on the Flap are removed.  4790 CHUMP - Bone-in is prepared from a BONE-IN (SIRLOIN)  The Chump is removed by a cut at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum.  The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed.  Chump removal points from the Leg to  To be specified:  Channel fat retained, partially or completely removed.  Flap retained or removed.  Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).  Surface fat trim level	(SIRLOIN)	removal of all bones, cartilage and	Surface fat trim level.
Flap are removed.  4790 CHUMP - BONE-IN (SIRLOIN)  (SIRLOIN)  Chump - Bone-in is prepared from a Bone-in Leg - Chump On (item 4800).  The Chump is removed by a cut at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum.  The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed.  Chump removal points from the Leg to  To be specified:  Channel fat retained, partially or completely removed.  Flap retained or removed.  Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).  Surface fat trim level		Butt Tenderloin. The lymph node gland	
To be specified:  Chump - Bone-in is prepared from a Bone-in Leg - Chump On (item 4800). The Chump is removed by a cut at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum. The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed. Chump removal points from the Leg to  To be specified:  Channel fat retained, partially or completely removed.  Flap retained or removed.  Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.  Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).  Surface fat trim level	•	(Subiliac) and gland fats situated on the	
BONE-IN (SIRLOIN)  Bone-in Leg - Chump On (item 4800). The Chump is removed by a cut at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum. The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed. Chump removal points from the Leg to  • Channel fat retained, partially or completely removed. • Flap retained or removed. • Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum). • Surface fat trim level		Flap are removed.	
<ul> <li>(SIRLOIN)</li> <li>The Chump is removed by a cut at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum.</li> <li>The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed.</li> <li>Channel fat retained, partially or completely removed.</li> <li>Flap retained or removed.</li> <li>Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).</li> <li>Surface fat trim level</li> </ul>		Chump - Bone-in is prepared from a	To be specified:
at right angles across the leg at a specified measured distance from the acetabulum.  The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed.  Thus removed or removed.  Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.  Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).  Surface fat trim level  Surface fat trim level		Bone-in Leg - Chump On (item 4800).	Channel fat retained, partially or completely removed.
specified measured distance from the acetabulum.  The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed.  Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).  Surface fat trim level  Chump removal points from the Leg to	(SIKLOIN)	The Chump is removed by a cut	Flap retained or removed.
acetabulum.  The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed.  Chump removal points from the Leg to	•	at right angles across the leg at a	Butt Tenderloin retained or removed.
The lymph node gland and gland fats situated on the flap are removed. Chump removal points from the Leg to		specified measured distance from the	Chump removal distance from hip joint (acetabulum).
fats situated on the flap are removed.  Chump removal points from the Leg to		acetabulum.	Surface fat trim level
Chump removal points from the Leg to		The lymph node gland and gland	
		fats situated on the flap are removed.	
be parallel (Cranial and Caudal).		Chump removal points from the Leg to	
i e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e		be parallel (Cranial and Caudal).	

5031	Hindshank is prepared from a Leg (item	To be specified:
HINDSHANK	4800) and consists of the tibia, tarsus and	Tarsus retained.
	calcaneal tuber bones and associated	Heel muscle retained or removed.
	muscles. The Hindshank is removed from	Leg tendon retained or removed.
	the	Separated by saw cut or broken joint.
	Leg by a cut parallel to the Chump removal	Coparated by Saw eat of Brokerryonit.
	cutting line through the heel muscle of the	
	Silverside, through the stifle joint separating	
	the tibia and the femur.	
4900 SADDLE	Saddle is prepared from a Leg Pair and Saddle (item	To be specified:  • Flap retained or removed.
	4946) by the removal of the Leg Pair (item 4816) by	Number of ribs required.
	a cut through the 6th lumbar vertebrae to	Number of ribs frenched.
	the tip of the ilium continuing to the ventral portion of	Length of frenching required.  Kitha are got in all an appropriate.
	the Flap. The	<ul><li>Kidneys retained or removed.</li><li>Kidney channel fat retained,</li></ul>
	ribs and flap on both sides of the saddle are cut parallel	partially or completely removed
	at a specified distance from the (cranial)	Scapular cartilage retained or removed.
	end.	Diaphragm retained or removed.
		Flap removal distance from eye muscle.
		Blade (scapular cartilage) retained or removed.
		Surface fat trim level.
		Rib ends are frenched to a distance (as specified)
		from the ventral edge.
4840 LOIN -	Loin - Chump On is prepared from a	To be specified:
CHUMP ON	Side by the removal of the Forequarter	Number of ribs required.
	along the contour of the specified rib	Removal distance from the acetabulum.
	and by a cut a right angles severing the	Diaphragm retained or removed.
	thoracic vertebrae. The Leg is removed	Kidney and channel fats retained,
•	by a cut parallel to the Forequarter	partially or completely removed.
	removal line at right angles at a	Breast and Flap removal line and
	measured distance from the hip joint	distance from eye muscle.
	cranial to the acetabulum. The Breast	Scapular cartilage retained or
	and Flap is removed at the specified	removed.
	distance from the ventral edge of the	Surface fat trim level.
	eye muscle (measured from the cranial	
	end).	
4860 LOIN	Loin is prepared from a Side by the	To be specified:
	removal	Number of ribs required.
	of the Forequarter along the contour of the	Diaphragm retained or removed.
	specified rib and by a cut at right angles	Kidney and channel fats retained, partially or completely

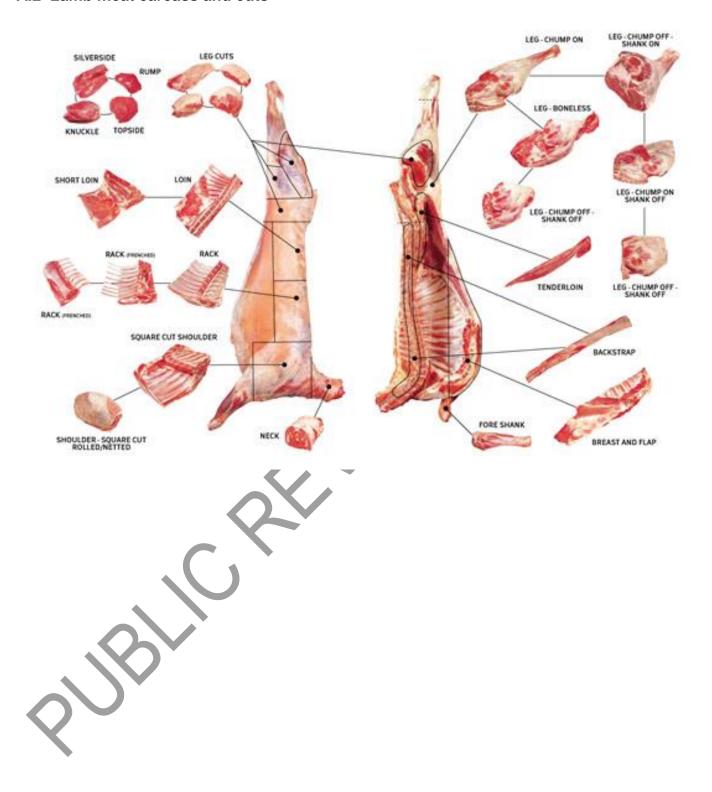
severing the thoracic vertebrae. The Leg is removed by a cut parallel to the Forequarter removal line and passing through the junction of lumbar sacral vertebrae to clear the tip of the litum. The Breast and Flap are removed at the specified distance from the ventral edge of the eye muscle by a cut parallel to the specified distance from the ventral edge of the eye muscle by a cut parallel to the specified distance from the ventral edge of the eye muscle by a cut parallel to the specified distance from the cranial end).  4880 SHORT Short Loin is prepared from a Loin (item 4860) by the removal of specified fibs parallel to the Forequarter cutting line. To remove the ribs a cut is made following along the contour of the specified rib and severing the dorsal edge of the thoracic vertebrae.  4727 SHOULDER RACK Pair is prepared from a Forequarter Pair (item 4960 flap removed) by the removal of the Shoulders, leaving the underlying muscles attached to the ribs. The cranial cutting line is along the contour of the 1st rib and through the junction of the 1st thorace and 7th cervical vertebrae and parallel with the specified caudal cutting line. The ventral cutting line is determined by a measurement from the tip of the M. longissimus thoracis (eye muscle) at the caudal end.  4739 SHOULDER RACK (item 4733). The ribs are trimined (frenched) to expose the ribs to the specified length.  4739 SHOULDER RACK (item 4733). The ribs are trimined (frenched) to expose the ribs to the specified length.			
removed by a cut parallel to the Forequarter removal line and passing through the junction of lumbar sacral vertebrae to clear the tip of the ilium. The Breast and Flap are removed at the specified distance from the ventral edge of the eye muscle by a cut parallel to the backbone (measured from the cranial end).  4880 SHORT LOIN Short Loin is prepared from a Loin (item 4860) by the removal of specified ribs parallel to the backbone (measured from the cranial end).  4880 SHORT Coin is prepared from a Loin (item 4860) by the removal of specified ribs parallel to the Porequarter cutting line. To remove the ribs a cut is made following along the contour of the specified rib and severing the dorsal edge of the thoracic vertebrae.  4727 SHOULDER RACK Pair is prepared from 5 Shoulder Rack Pair is prepared from 6 Forequarter Pair (item 4956 flap removed) by the removal of the Shoulders, teaving the underlying muscles attached to the ribs. The cranial cutting line is along the contour of the 1st riband through the junction of			removed.
Forequarter removal line and passing through the junction of lumbar sacral vertebrae to clear the tip of the lilium. The Breast and Flap are removed at the specified distance from the ventral edge of the eye muscle by a cut parallel to the backbone (measured from the cranial end).  4880 SHORT LOIN Short Loin is prepared from a Loin (item 4860) by the removal of specified ribs parallel to the Forequarter cutting line. To remove the ribs a cut is made following along the contour of the specified fib and severing the dorsal edge of the thoracic vertebrae.  4727 SHOULDER RACK PAIR Shoulder Rack Pair is prepared from a Loin (item 4860) by the removal of specified from 5 prepared from 6 provided the removal of the Shoulders, leaving the cranial cutting line is along the contour of the 1st thoracic vertebrae and 7th cervical v			Breast and Flap removal line and distance from eye muscle.
Junction of lumbar sacral vertebrae to clear the tip of the lilum. The Breast and Flap are removed at the specified distance from the ventral edge of the eye muscle by a cut parallel to the backbone (measured from the cranial end).  Short Loin is prepared from a Loin (item 4860) by the removal of specified ribs parallel to the Forequarter cutting line. To remove the ribs a cut is made following along the contour of the specified ib and severing the dorsal edge of removed The thoracic vertebrae.  Shoulder Rack Pair is prepared from a Forequarter Pair (item 4950 flap removed) by the removal of the Shoulders, feaving the underlying muscles attached to the ribs. The cranial cutting line is along the contour of the 1st riband through the junction of the sat midracic and 7th cervical vertebrae and parallel with the specified caudal cutting line. The ventral cutting line is determined by a measurement from the tip of the M. longissimus thoracis (eye muscle) at the caudal end.  4739 Shoulder Rack (frenched) is prepared from Shoulder Rack (frenched) is expose the ribs to the			Surface fat trim level.
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trimmed (frenched) to expose the ribs to the		,	Breast removal line and distance
Footbox / object honor retained or			from eye muscle.
		specified length.	Feather / chine bones retained or

		removed.
		Length of exposed rib.
4928 RACK- SADDLE	Rack-Saddle is prepared from a Saddle	To be specified:
	(item	Number of ribs required.
	4910) by a cut along the contour of the	Diaphragm retained or removed.
	specified rib parallel to the loin end and	Blade (scapular cartilage) retained or removed.
	rack	Rib removal distance from the eye
	end cutting line and by a cut at right angle through the thoracic vertebrae severing	muscle.
	the	Surface fat trim level.
	back bone. The ribs on both sides of the	
	Saddle Rack are cut parallel at a specified	
	distance from the eye muscle at the (caudal)	
	end.	
4932 RACK	Rack is prepared from a Side by the removal	To be specified:
	of the Forequarter (item 4972) by a	Number of ribs required.
	straight	Breast removal distance from eye muscle.
	cut along the contour of the specified rib and	Scapular cartilage retained or removed.  - Carthur and Altino horse retained.
	by a cut at right angle through the thoracic	<ul> <li>Feather and chine bones retained or removed.</li> </ul>
	vertebrae severing the backbone. The	Diaphragm retained or removed.
	caudal	Surface fat trim level
	cutting line is along the specified rib and	
	caudal to the edge of the specified rib and	
	parallel. The Breast and Flap cutting line	
	is	
	at a specified distance from the ventral edge	
	of the loin eye muscle and cut parallel to the	
	backbone measured at the cranial end.	
5109 BACKSTRAP OR BACKSTRIP (LONG)*	Backstrap (long) is prepared from a Side	To be specified:
	and consists of the eye muscle lying along the	Silverskin removed or retained.
	spinous process and transverse processes of the lumber, thoracic and cervical vertebrae. The	Muscle length by indicating the removal point along the vertebrae.
	Backstrap comprises of the portion commencing from the 1st cervical vertebrae to the lumbar	
	sacral junction.	
5153 EYE OF RACK	Eye of Rack is prepared from Backstrap	To be specified:
	(item 5109) and comprises of the portion	Silverskin removed or retained.
	commencing from the 6th thoracic vertebrae	<ul> <li>Muscle length by indicating the removal point along the vertebrae.</li> </ul>

	to the junction of the 13th thoracic and 1st	1
	lumbar vertebrae.	
5080		To be specified:
TENDERLOIN	Tenderloin (Fillet) is prepared from the Side by	·
_	removing the muscles in one piece from	Sidestrap (M. psoas minor) retained or removed.
	the	Surface fat trim level
	ventral surface of the lumbar vertebrae and	
	lateral surface of the ilium. The Side Strap	
	(M. psoas minor) remains attached	
5010 BREAST	Breast and Flap is prepared from a Side	To be specified:
AND FLAP	and is removed by a straight cut, parallel	Diaphragm retained or removed.
	to the back bone and from the junction of	Dorsal cutting line.
	the 1st rib (sternum) to the reflection of the	
	diaphragm at the 11th rib then through	
	the Flap to the superficial inguinal lymph	
	node.	
	Dorsal cutting line - The Breast and Flap	
	can be prepared to include attached residual rib	
	portions remaining after the removal of bone-in - Loin - Saddle - Rack or Short Loin	
5011 FLAP	A Flap is prepared from a Breast and Flap	To be specified:
	(item 5010). The Breast is removed from	• Dorsal cutting line as specified may include rib portion of
	the Flap by a straight cut between the	Flap.
	specified rib and the Flap consists of the	Number of ribs required.
	remaining caudal portion.	
5015 SPARE	Spare Ribs are prepared from a side. The	To be specified:
RIBS	rib cage is cut at specified width	Number of ribs required.
	measured	Rib length to be specified.
	ventral from the eye of meat and cut	M. cutaneous trunci retained or removed.
•	parallel to the back bone. The Breast and	Diaphragm retained or removed.
	Flap cutting line refer (item 5010). Specify	M. latissimus dorsi muscle removed
	rib numbers required. The rib cage consists	
	of rib bones and intercostals muscles and	
	all overlaying fat and muscle.	
5020 NECK	Neck is prepared from a carcase by a straight cut through	To be specified:  • Caudal cutting lines.
	and between the junction of the 7th cervical and the 1st	Atlas neck joint retained or removed.
	thoracic vertebrae	Neck split into half by a cut central to back bone.
		Sliced as Rosettes to a specify thickness.
		Number of vertebrae.

	Surface fat trim level			
Other class of grading the ovine cuts and carcasses				
Lamb	Lamb is a general term which refers to the flesh of young ovine animals of both sexes whose age is 4-12months. Lamb carcasses, as a group, are distinguished from mutton carcasses by their smaller and softer bones, lighter coloured flesh, softer and whiter external and internal fats, smaller size of carcasses and cuts, and by the break joint of fore legs. Their outer covering of fat is smooth, relatively thin, and evenly distributed, and has a creamy or slightly pinkish colour. Lamb fats lack brittleness and possess in a greater or lesser degree, the softness and sheen characteristic of milk fat.			
Yearling Mutton	Yearling mutton carcasses are from young sheep of both sexes usually ranging from 12 to 20 months of age. Such carcasses are distinguished from lamb carcasses by harder and whiter bones, darker and somewhat coarser flesh, firmer and somewhat thicker exterior fat, and more liberal quantities of interior fat. They Have wider and larger abdominal cavity, and longer body and legs. The break joint of the foreleg usually breaks in ridges similar in shape to a lamb joint, but the surface is rough, porous. Dry and lacks redness. If the leg fails to break at this joint, the carcass is mature mutton, The meat from yearling mutton is darker pink inclining to a light red in colour comparatively tender, but lacking somewhat in juiciness. Exterior and interior fats are firm, somewhat brittle, and are white to slightly creamy in colour.			
Mature Mutton	It is the flesh from both males (castrated and uncastrated) and females of the ovine species that are over 20 months in age at the time of slaughter. In mature mutton, the sides show a distended or barrel-like appearance. The break joint fails to break due to hardening and ossification of the bones and the separation of the foot from the foreleg is. therefore, made at the ankle joint. The colour of mature mutton ranges from light to-dark red.			

## A.2 Lamb meat carcass and cuts



## **Bibliography**

[1] IS 2536, Meat and meat products - Mutton and lamb meat (clevon) - fresh, chilled and frozen, Technical requirements

[2] UNECE 2007, United Nations Economic Commission for Europe ovine meat- Carcasses and cuts

### **Certification marking**

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