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**THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA  
DECREE NUMBER:**

**REGARDING**

**OBLIGATORY APPLICATION OF INDONESIAN NATIONAL STANDARD (SNI),  
FOR CERAMIC TABLEWARE, FLUSH TOILETS  
AND CERAMIC TILES**

**WITH THE GRACE OF GOD ALMIGHTY  
THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY OF THE REPUBLIC OF INDONESIA**

- Considering:
- a. that in order to improve national industrial competitiveness, to guarantee the quality of industrial products, to protect consumers in respect of product quality, and to create healthy and fair business competition; the enforcement of healthy and fair business is required as well as the enforcement of Indonesian National Standard (Standar Nasional Indonesia, SNI), which is compulsory for ceramic tableware, flush toilets, and ceramic tiles;
  - b. that based on the consideration as intended in letter a, it is necessary to issue a Minister of Industry Decree.

- In view of:
1. Act No 5 of 1984 regarding Industrial Affairs (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No 22 of 1984, Supplementary State Gazette of Republic of Indonesia No 3274);
  2. Act No 7 of 1994 regarding the Legalization of Agreement Establishing the World Trade Organization (Persetujuan Pembentukan Organisasi Perdagangan Dunia) (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No 57 of 1994, Supplementary State Gazette of Republic of Indonesia No 3564);
  3. Act No 10 of 1995 regarding Customs (State Gazette No 75 of 1995, Supplementary State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No 3612) as amended by Act No 17 of 2006 (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No 93 of 2006, Supplementary State Gazette of Republic of Indonesia No 4661);
  4. Act No 8 of 1999 regarding Consumer Protection (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No 42 of 1999, Supplementary State Gazette of Republic of Indonesia No 3821);
  5. Act No 32 of 2004 regarding Local Administration (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No 125 of 2004, Supplementary State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No 4437) as amended by Act No 12 of 2008 (State Gazette of the

Republic of Indonesia No 59 of 2008, Supplementary State Gazette of Republic of Indonesia No 4844);

6. Government Regulation No 102 of 2000 regarding National Standardization (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No 199 of 2000, Supplementary State Gazette No 4020);
7. Government Regulation No 38 of 2007 regarding Division of Administration Affairs Among Government, Province Administration, and Regency/Municipality Administration (State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia No 82 of 2007, Supplementary State Gazette of Republic of Indonesia No 4737);
8. Presidential Decree of the Republic of Indonesia No 9 of 2005 regarding the Status, Tasks, Functions, Structure of Organizations, and Working System of Administration for the State Ministers of the Republic of Indonesia as previously amended several times – the latest by Presidential Decree of the Republic of Indonesia No 94 of 2006;
9. Presidential Decree of the Republic of Indonesia No 10 of 2005 regarding the Organization Unit and Task of Echelon I in the State Ministry of Republic of Indonesia as previously amended several times – the latest by Presidential Decree of the Republic of Indonesia No 17 of 2007;
10. Presidential Decree of the Republic of Indonesia No 47 of 2009 regarding the Establishment and the Organization of State Ministry;
11. Presidential Decree of the Republic of Indonesia No 78 of 2001 regarding the National Accreditation Committee;
12. Presidential Decree of the Republic of Indonesia No 84/P of 2009 regarding the Formation of United Indonesia Cabinet II for the period of 2009-2014;
13. Minister of Industry Regulation No 01/M-IND/PER/3/2005 regarding the Organization and Working System of the Ministry of Industry;
14. Minister of Trade Regulation No 14/M-DAG/PER/3/2007 regarding Standardization of Service in Trading and Controlling the Compulsory Indonesian National Standard (SNI) for Traded Goods and Services as amended into the Regulation of the Minister of Trade No 30/M-DAG/PER/7/2007;

15. Minister of Trade Regulation No 20/M-DAG/PER/5/2009 regarding Conditions and Procedures of Controlling the Goods and Services;
16. Minister of Industry Regulation No 86/M-IND/PER/9/2009 regarding Indonesian National Standard for Industry;

**DECIDES:**

**To stipulate: REGULATION OF THE MINISTER OF INDUSTRY REGARDING THE ENFORCEMENT OF THE INDONESIAN NATIONAL STANDARD (SNI) COMPULSORY FOR CERAMIC TABLEWARE, FLUSH TOILETS, AND CERAMIC TILES.**

**Article 1**

All intended objects in this Ministerial Regulation, are clarified below:

1. Indonesian National Standard, (hereinafter SNI), is a standard assigned by the National Standardization Institution (Badan Standarisasi Nasional (BSN)) which applies nationally across Indonesia.
2. The Certification of Products using the SNI Mark (Sertifikat Produk Penggunaan Tanda SNI), (hereinafter SPPT-SNI), is a certificate issued by the Institution of Product Certification to a manufacturer who is capable of producing goods and services in accordance with the terms of the Indonesian National Standard.
3. Institution of Product Certification (Lembaga Sertifikasi Produk, hereinafter LSPro), is an institution accredited by the National Accreditation Committee to carry out Certification of the Product using the SNI Mark.
4. Tester Laboratories indicates laboratories that carry out product sample tests in accordance with SNI testing methods.
5. The Controller Official of the Standard of Products and/or Services in Manufacturing, (hereinafter PPSP), is a national or regional Civil Servant (Pegawai Negeri Sipil) who is assigned to control the product and/or service in the production area and external production activity where SNI is compulsory.
6. The National Accreditation Committee (Komite Akreditasi Nasional, hereinafter KAN) is an institution which is authorized to accredit an institution or a laboratory to carry out certification.

7. The term Minister means a Minister who is specialised in industrial affairs.
8. The Director General of Industrial Guide is the Director General of Chemical and Agro Industry, the Ministry of Industry.
9. The Chief of BPPI is the chief of the Institution of Industrial Research and Development (Badan Penelitian dan Pengembangan Industri). The Ministry of Industry develops the Institution of Compliance Assessment.
10. The Chief of Provincial Office is the Chief of Office at provincial level who has a duty of government affairs in industrial fields.
11. The Chief of Regency/Municipality Office is the Chief of Office in the Regency/Municipality who has a duty of government affairs in industrial fields.

#### Article 2

- (1) SNI is compulsory for 3 (three) products, including:

Type of Product	SNI No	HS
Glazed Ceramic Tableware – eating and drinking items	7275:2008	6911.10.00.00
		6911.90.00.00
		6912.00.00.00
Flush Toilets	03-0797-2006	6910.10.00.00 6910.90.00.00
Ceramic Tiles- definition, classification, characteristics and labelling	SNI/ISO 13006:2010	6907.10.00.00 6907.90.00.00 6908.10.10.00 6908.90.10.00 6908.90.90.00

- (2) Where SNI in Clause 1 is revised, the most recent version of the revised SNI is applied.
- (3) The exclusion of enforcement of SNI for products as intended in Clause 1 can be applied to:
- a. products in Clause 1 with a similar HS number but used for research and development; and
  - b. products with HS number in Clause 1 but not included as ceramic tableware, flush toilets, and ceramic tiles.
- (4) The exclusion as intended in Clause 5 must be based on technical considerations.

- (5) The definition of Ceramic Tableware is tableware used for eating and drinking, made of ceramic, and includes majolica, fine earthenware, semi-vitreous china/semi porcelain, stoneware, bone china and porcelain. It is glazed and is either flat or hollow.
- (6) The definition of Flush Toilets is equipment used to dispose of human waste whereby with the user seated; it uses flushing mechanisms or whirlpools either mono-block or duo-block installed in a sitting up position or with a suspension seat.
- (7) The definition of Ceramic Tiles is individual thin tablets made from clay and/or another inorganic material, usually used for covering walls or floors.

#### Article 3

Companies which manufacture products as detailed in Article 2 are required to apply SNI by:

- a. having SPPT-SNI appropriate to the valid conditions; and
- b. putting legible SNI signs on each product, which cannot be easily removed.

#### Article 4

- (1) The SPPT-SNI mentioned in Article 3(a) is issued by an LSPro assigned by the Minister of the appropriate field, to:
  - a. test product quality in accordance with the terms within SNI or its revision; and
  - b. audit the implementation of Quality Management Systems of SNI ISO 9001-2008 or its revision, or other acknowledged quality management systems.
- (2) The testing mentioned in Clause 1(a) could be sub-contracted to:
  - a. a tester laboratory assigned by the Minister in the appropriate field; or
  - b. an overseas tester laboratory may be assigned by the Minister as long as it has a Mutual Recognition Arrangement (MRA) between KAN and a related National Accreditation Organization, and has bilateral or multilateral agreement in technical regulation between the Indonesian Government and the government of a related country.
- (3) Audit of Quality Management System as mentioned in Clause 1(b), based on guarantee by institution of quality system certification accredited by KAN or overseas accreditation institution that has MRA with KAN.

Article 5

- (1) The LSPro, as mentioned in Article 4 Clause 1, is required to report the implementation of its certification to the Director General of Industrial Guide and the Head of BPPI (Direktur Jenderal Pembina Industri dan Kepala BPPI).
- (2) The LSPro, which issues the SPPT-SNI, has the responsibility of controlling and monitoring the use of SNI signs from the issued SPPT-SNI.

Article 6

Each product mentioned in Article 2 traded domestically or imported is required to meet the SNI terms mentioned in Article 3.

Article 7

- (1) Products, as mentioned in Article 2, imported and entering Indonesian Customs are required to meet the SNI conditions in Article 3.
- (2) Imported products in Clause 1 which already have SPPT-SNI are required to be registered in accordance with valid conditions.

Article 8

- (1) Products in Article 2 that are domestic products and have not met the SNI conditions in Article 3 must not be circulated and have to be destroyed.
- (2) Products in Article 2 which have been imported and have not met SNI conditions as intended in Article 7 when they enter Indonesian Customs must be destroyed or re-exported by the related importer.

Article 9

- (1) Guidance and control of the implementation of SNI in Article 2 is carried out by the Directorate General of the Industrial Guide (Direktorat Jenderal Pembina Industri) at least once a year, which is conducted by the Control Official of Product Standards and/or Service in Manufacture (PPSP).
- (2) In performing the control as intended in Article 1, the Directorate General of the Industrial Guide (Direktorat Jenderal Pembina Industri) can coordinate with the Provincial Office and/or Regency/Municipality Office or related agency.
- (3) The BPPI implements supervision of the Institution of Compliance Assessment in order to implement SNI.

Article 10

The Director General of Industrial Guide defines Technical Instruction in implementing this Regulation of the Ministry.

Article 11

Any business individuals or any individual connected with LSPro who violate the terms in this Regulation are subject to sanctions in accordance with the provision of legislation.

Article 12

This Regulation comes into force 6 (six) months after the date on which it is stipulated.

In order to ensure public knowledge, this Ministry Regulation is published via the State Gazette of the Republic of Indonesia.

Stipulated in Jakarta

On

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