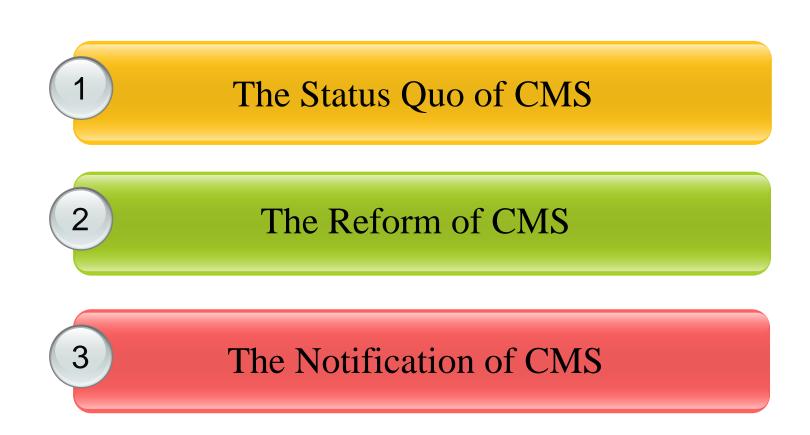


The Status Quo, Reform and Notification of Chinese Mandatory Standards (CMS)

HU Xiongwei Deputy director general of NCSE, SAMR PRC September 2019

KEY POINTS

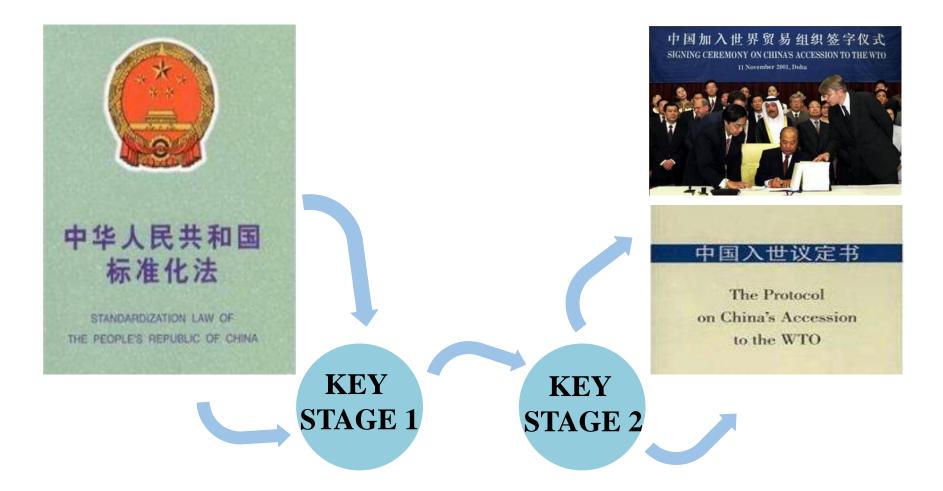




I The Status Quo of CMS

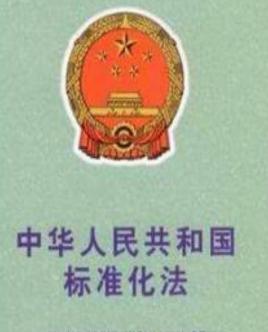


The Status Quo of CMS





The Status Quo of CMS

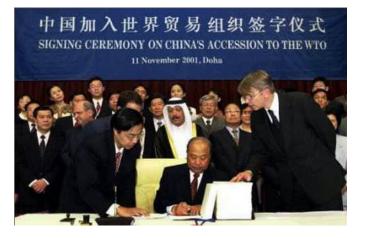


STANDARDIZATION LAW OF THE PEOPLE'S REPUBLIC OF CHINA National standards, sector standards are divided into **mandatory standards** and voluntary standards.

The standards that aim to safeguard human health, personal and property safety and the standards incorporated by laws and administrative regulations are mandatory standards, while other standards are voluntary.



The Status Quo of CMS



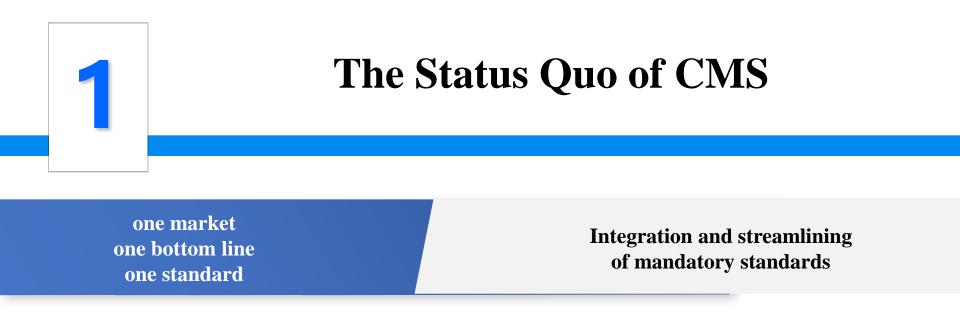
The regulatory content of mandatory standards was more in line with the "legitimate goals" set out in the WTO/TBT agreement about technical regulations.



The Protocol on China's Accession to the WTO China's mandatory national standards have been notified to the WTO/TBT secretariat under the category of technical regulations.







We have integrated and streamlined altogether **11,224** mandatory standards, including mandatory national standards, mandatory sector standards and mandatory local standards.

Most mandatory sector standards and mandatory local standards have been abolished or converted into voluntary standards Only standards in the areas of food safety, engineering construction and environmental protection remain mandatory.

The number of mandatory national standards has been reduced from 3,600 to 2,111.





The National Plan for Deepening Standardization Reform

1. Promote structural reform of

mandatory standards

The mandatory national standards, mandatory sector standards and mandatory local standards will be integrated into the mandatory national standards gradually.

2. Specify the scope of mandatory standards

The development of mandatory national standards should not beyond the areas of personal health, life and property safety, national safety, ecological environment, the content should not exceed the basic requirements of social and economic management.



The National Plan for Deepening the Reform of Standardization

3. Optimize the management system

Reviewed and further specified the respective mandate and responsibility of the State Council, the standardization department of the State Council, and other relevant departments.

4. Promote implementation of standards

Strengthening supervision, inspection and administrative enforcement. Standards, except ones incorporating international standards, should be disclosed to the public free of charge, and statistical analysis report system should be developed for mandatory national standards implementation.



2

NEW STANDARDIZATION LAW Mandatory national standards shall be developed to address technical requirements for ensuring people's health and the security of their lives and property, safeguarding national and eco-environmental security, and meeting the basic need of economic and social management.

2

The Reform of CMS



NEW STANDARDIZATION LAW Relevant administrative departments under the State Council shall, according to their duties and responsibilities, propose mandatory national standards and organize drafts, solicit opinions and conduct technical reviews thereof.





LAW

Mandatory national standards shall be approved and published, or authorized for approval and publication, by the State Council.

Where laws, administrative regulations and decisions of the State Council stipulate otherwise concerning developing mandatory national standards, the laws and regulations shall prevail.





GB 10631-2013 Safety and quality for fireworks





GB 3095-2012 Ambient air quality standards

GB 37488-2019 Hygienic indicators and limits for public places



Management Methods for Mandatory National Standards











General provisions

Organization management

Procedure Development

Implementation and supervision and review process



Management Methods for Mandatory National Standards

In the section of the general provisions, it mainly defines the purpose, basis and principle of the document.

In the section of organization management, the responsibilities of the standardization administrative department, the relevant administrative departments and the inter-ministerial joint meeting of the State Council are mainly clarified.



Management Methods for Mandatory National Standards

In the section of procedure development clarified the main subjects involved in the five core stages of proposal, drafting, solicitation of opinions, technical review, approval and release, as well as the duties they should undertake.

In the section of implementation, supervision and review processes, the main subjects of implementation, supervision and review as well as the responsibilities they should undertake.



Management Methods for Mandatory National Standards

At present, it is at the stage of review and approval by the legal department of the State Administration for Market Regulation. We have also notified the document to WTO, and plan to release the management methods by the end of 2019.

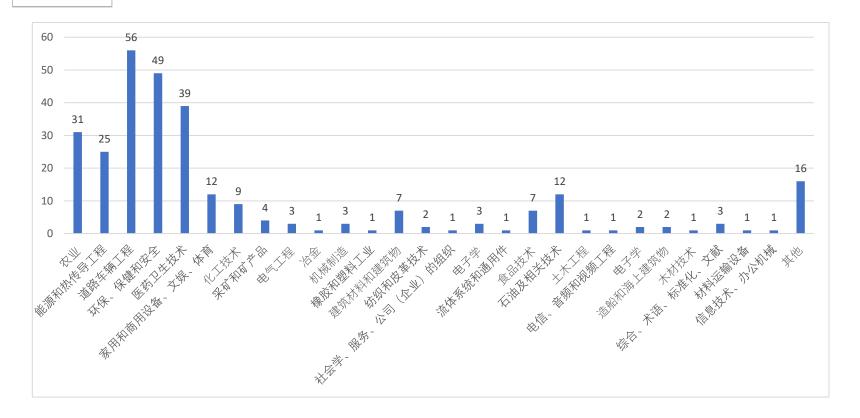


III The Notification of Chinese Mandatory National Standards



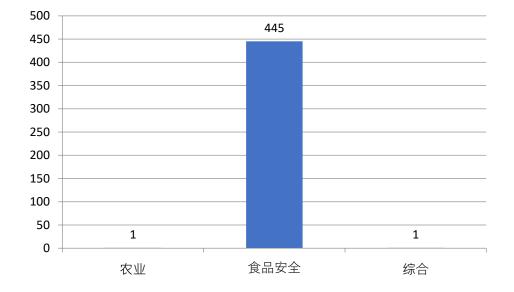
YEAR	TBT	SPS
2015	106	339
2016	29	12
2017	58	9
2018	64	54
2019	37	33
TOTAL	294	447

From 2015 to September 2019, China has notified 741 mandatory national standards, including 294 TBT notifications and 447 SPS notifications.



3

Domain Distribution of Mandatory National Standard for TBT Notification from 2015-2019



Domain Distribution of Mandatory National Standard for SPS Notification from 2015-2019



Regulations should comply with

1. WTO/TBT-SPS agreement.

2. "Rules for Notification, Evaluation and Consultation of TBT/SPS Measures" by former General Administration of Quality Supervision and Inspection and Quarantine.



The scope of notification

Notify

National standards are not in line with international standards or technical contents of relevant international standards, and may have a significant impact on the trade of other members.

Do not notify

Mandatory national standards are equivalent to international standards, which have no or little impact on international trade.



Mandatory standard represents an important part of China's technical laws and regulations.

2

The SAMR will continue to promote the reform of mandatory standards, contributing to the establishment of a well-developed standard system.

3

We hope that WTO and other countries will pay more attention to the reform and put forward valuable suggestions.



THANK YOU

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